

How is your colostrum management?

How to test colostrum and passive transfer in your calf

Step 1: Test your colostrum using a cow-side test

How?

Colostrometer reading > 50 g/L, in green zone

Step 2: Take a blood sample from your calf

When?

24 h after colostrum intake.

Research has shown
sampling can be done up to
7 d of age

Step 3: Test for passive transfer of immunoglobulins in your calf

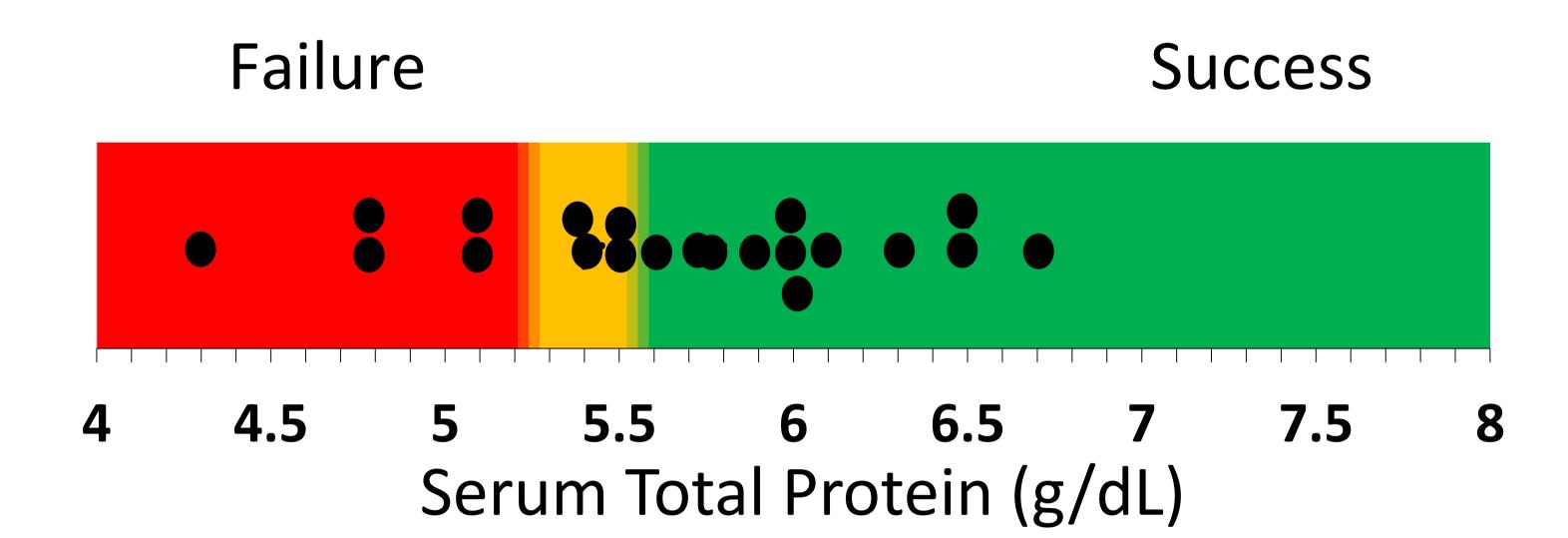
How?

Refractometer reading must be above 5.2 g/dL

Benchmarking colostrum management on BC farms

Commercial farms in the Lower Fraser Valley, BC participated in a benchmark study on colostrum management. Using measurements of serum total protein in calf blood samples, we were able to provide farmers with data on how well they were managing colostrum on their own farm, and how well they compared against other local farms.

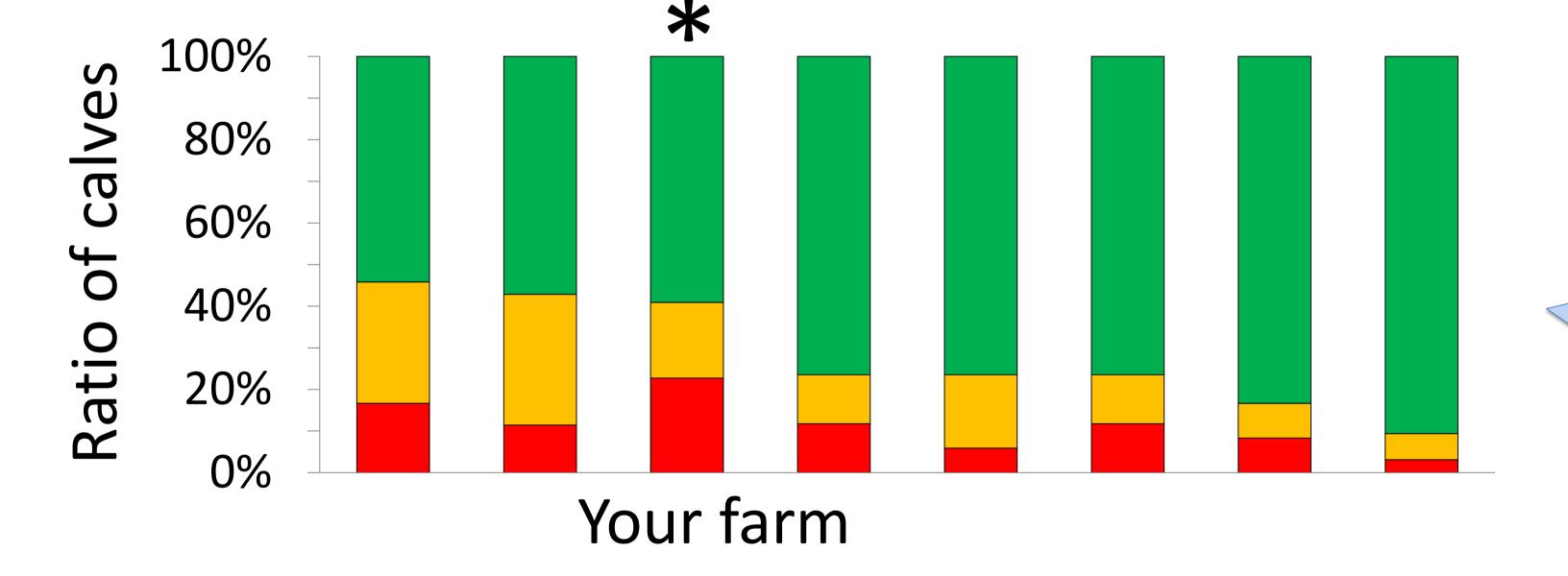
Farmer's own data on their calves:



How farmers felt about their own data:

"I didn't think it would be as bad as it was, how low some of (the calves) were. You started putting the calves with the numbers, and it made sense because they just weren't getting enough colostrum... it's nice that we figured it out."

How farmers compared to their peers:



How farmers felt about peer comparison:

"It put a little bit of a level of competition...
knowing where I am... There was room for
improvement.... I'm not competitive, but there
is a sense of pride to be on the higher end...
But probably mostly just knowing where you
are is really, really good."

 $16 \pm 10 \%$ (range: 3 – 39 %) of all calves in the study failed passive transfer

Atkinson et al., 2017. JDS. In Press

What did these farmers do to improve? The 3 Q's and Test

Quality
of colostrum:
> 50 g/L

Quantity
of colostrum:
4 litres or 1 gallon

Quickly feed colostrum:

within 6 h of birth

Test
calves for passive
transfer

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